

# Case Study: The \$2M Inherited IRA Mistake



**Original IRA Owner:** Barb  
**Birth Year:** 1982  
**Year of Death:** 2025



## The Situation

Ben, inherited a **\$500,000 IRA** from his sister, Barb, in **2025**. Since he is a non-spouse beneficiary, many advisors would assume the **10-year rule** applies — meaning no RMDs until the final year and full depletion by **2035**.

But that assumption is **wrong**.



**IRA Beneficiary:** Ben  
**Birth Year:** 1988



## The Detail Most Tools Miss

Ben is **not more than 10 years younger** than the original owner, so he qualifies as an Eligible Designated Beneficiary (EDB).

Instead of a forced 10-year liquidation, Ben can use the life expectancy option for distributions, extending through age 85 (year 2073).



### 10-Year Rule Assumption

- Growth Rate: 6%
- Earnings over 10 years: **\$395K**
- Total distributions in year 10: **\$895K**



### Correct Life Expectancy Strategy

- Growth Rate: 6%
- Earnings over lifetime: **\$2.4M**
- Total Lifetime Distributions: **\$2.9M**



### The Difference

Over **\$2 million** in missed long-term value — caused by applying the wrong beneficiary classification.